# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

# **2020 REGULAR SESSION**

Enrolled

# **Committee Substitute**

for

# Senate Bill 706

SENATORS TRUMP AND CLEMENTS, original sponsors

[Passed February 29, 2020; in effect 90 days from passage]

1 AN ACT to amend and reenact §30-29-3 and §30-29-5 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as 2 amended, all relating to the duties of the law-enforcement training and certification 3 subcommittee; providing for a minimum of 800 classroom hours for a law-enforcement 4 academy; clarifying that the required classroom hours shall be accumulated on the basis 5 of a full-time curricula; authorizing the law-enforcement training and certification 6 subcommittee to deny an application for the establishment of a new law-enforcement 7 academy if it is determined that no need exists; requiring that a person seeking certification 8 complete the approved law-enforcement training academy within 18 consecutive months 9 of the commencement of employment as a law-enforcement officer; authorizing 10 extensions of such requirement; requiring graduates of state law-enforcement academies 11 successfully complete an entry level law-enforcement examination promulgated by the 12 law-enforcement training and certification subcommittee prior to certification; establishing 13 time frames for completion of training requirements; and making technical corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

## ARTICLE 29. LAW-ENFORCEMENT TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION.

## §30-29-3. Duties of the subcommittee.

(a) The subcommittee shall, by or pursuant to rules proposed for legislative approval in
 accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code:

3 (1) Provide funding for the establishment and support of law-enforcement training
4 academies in the state;

(2) Establish standards governing the establishment and operation of the law-enforcement
training academies, including regional locations throughout the state, in order to provide access
to each law-enforcement agency in the state in accordance with available funds;

- 8 (3) Establish minimum law-enforcement instructor qualifications;
- 9 (4) Certify qualified law-enforcement instructors;
- 10 (5) Maintain a list of approved law-enforcement instructors;

(6) Promulgate standards governing the training, firearms qualification, and initial and
ongoing professional certification of law-enforcement officers and the entry-level law-enforcement
training curricula. These standards shall require satisfactory completion of a minimum of 800
classroom hours as promulgated by legislative rule and shall provide that the required classroom
hours shall be accumulated on the basis of a full-time curricula;

(7) Establish standards governing in-service law-enforcement officer training curricula and
 in-service supervisory level training curricula;

(8) Certify organized criminal enterprise investigation techniques with a qualified anti-racial
profiling training course or module;

(9) Establish standards governing mandatory training to effectively investigate organized
criminal enterprises as defined in §61-13-1 *et seq.* of this code while preventing racial profiling,
as defined in §30-29-10 of this code, for entry level training curricula and for law-enforcement
officers who have not received such training as certified by the subcommittee as required in this
section;

25 (10) Establish procedures for implementation of a course in investigation of organized 26 criminal enterprises which includes an anti-racial training module to be available on the Internet 27 or otherwise to all law-enforcement officers. The procedures shall include the frequency with 28 which a law-enforcement officer shall receive training in investigation of organized criminal 29 enterprises and anti-racial profiling and a time frame for which all law-enforcement officers must 30 receive such training: Provided, That all law-enforcement officers in this state shall receive such 31 training no later than July 1, 2012. In order to implement and carry out the intent of this section, 32 the subcommittee may promulgate emergency rules pursuant to §29A-3-15 of this code;

33 (11) Certify or decertify or reactivate law-enforcement officers, as provided in §30-29-5
34 and §30-29-11 of this code;

(12) Establish standards and procedures for the reporting of complaints and certain
 disciplinary matters concerning law-enforcement officers and for reviewing the certification of law-

enforcement officers. These standards and procedures shall provide for preservation of records
and access to records by law-enforcement agencies and conditions as to how the information in
those records is to be used regarding an officer's law-enforcement employment by another lawenforcement agency;

(A) The subcommittee shall establish and manage a database that is available to all lawenforcement agencies in the state concerning the status of any person's certification.

43 (B) Personnel or personal information not resulting in a criminal conviction is exempt from
44 disclosure pursuant to the provisions of chapter 29B of this code;

45 (13) Seek supplemental funding for law-enforcement training academies from sources
46 other than the fees collected pursuant to §30-29-4 of this code;

47 (14) Any responsibilities and duties as the Legislature may, from time to time, see fit to
48 direct to the subcommittee; and

49 (15) Submit, on or before September 30 of each year, to the Governor, the Speaker of the
50 House, the President of the Senate, and, upon request, to any individual member of the
51 Legislature a report on its activities during the previous year, and an accounting of funds paid into
52 and disbursed from the special revenue account established pursuant to §30-29-4 of this code;

53 (16) Develop and promulgate rules for state, county, and municipal law-enforcement 54 officers, law-enforcement agencies, and communications and emergency operations centers that 55 dispatch law-enforcement officers with regard to the identification, investigation, reporting, and 56 prosecution of suspected child abuse and neglect: *Provided*, That such rules and procedures 57 must be consistent with the priority criteria prescribed by generally applicable department 58 procedures;

(17) Make recommendations to the Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency, and
Correction for legislation related to the subcommittee's duties and responsibilities, or for research
or studies by the Division of Administrative Services on topics related to the subcommittee's duties
and responsibilities.

63 (b) In addition to the duties authorized and established by this section, the subcommittee64 may:

(1) Establish training to effectively investigate human trafficking offenses as defined in
§61-2-1 *et seq.* of this code for entry level training curricula and for law-enforcement officers who
have not received such training as certified by the committee as required by this section; and

(2) Establish procedures for the implementation of a course in investigation of human
trafficking offenses. The course may include methods of identifying and investigating human
trafficking and methods for assisting trafficking victims. In order to implement and carry out the
intent of this subdivision, the committee may promulgate emergency rules pursuant to §29A-3-15
of this code.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the subcommittee may deny
an application for the establishment of a new law-enforcement training academy if it is determined
by the subcommittee that no actual need exists for the establishment of additional lawenforcement training academies to meet the needs of existing law-enforcement agencies in the
state.

### §30-29-5. Certification requirements and power to decertify or reinstate.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (e) of this section, a person may not be 2 employed as a law-enforcement officer by any West Virginia law-enforcement agency or by any 3 state institution of higher education or by the Public Service Commission of West Virginia on or 4 after the effective date of this article unless the person is certified, or is certifiable in the manner 5 specified in subsection (c) of this section, by the subcommittee as having met the minimum entry 6 level law-enforcement gualification and training program requirements promulgated pursuant to 7 this article: *Provided*, That the provisions of this section do not apply to persons hired by the Public 8 Service Commission as motor carrier inspectors and weight enforcement officers before July 1, 9 2007.

10 (b) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, a person who is not certified, or certifiable in the manner specified in subsection (c) of this section, may be conditionally employed 11 12 as a law-enforcement officer until certified: Provided, That within 90 calendar days of the 13 commencement of employment or the effective date of this article, if the person is already 14 employed on the effective date, he or she makes a written application to attend an approved law-15 enforcement training academy and that the person satisfactorily completes the approved law-16 enforcement training academy within 18 consecutive months of the commencement of his or her 17 employment: *Provided, however*, That the subcommittee may grant an extension, one-time only, 18 not to exceed six months, based upon a written request from the person justifying the need for 19 such an extension: *Provided further*, That the subcommittee, in its sole discretion, may grant an 20 additional extension upon demonstration of a hardship warranting it. The person's employer shall 21 provide notice, in writing, of the 90-day deadline to file a written application to the academy within 30 calendar days of that person's commencement of employment. The employer shall provide full 22 23 disclosure as to the consequences of failing to file a timely written application. The academy shall notify the applicant in writing of the receipt of the application and of the tentative date of the 24 25 applicant's enrollment. Any applicant who, as the result of extenuating circumstances acceptable 26 to his or her employing law-enforcement official, is unable to attend the scheduled training 27 program to which he or she was admitted may reapply and shall be admitted to the next regularly 28 scheduled training program. One year after the effective date of this section, certification as a law-29 enforcement officer within this state of persons who are not certifiable as provided in subsection 30 (c) of this section, shall, in addition to graduation from an established academy in the state, be 31 based on: Current employment as a sworn law-enforcement officer by any West Virginia law-32 enforcement agency or any state institution of higher education or the Public Service Commission; 33 and the person's successful completion of an approved entry level law-enforcement examination 34 established by legislative rule of the subcommittee, which shall include, at a minimum, written 35 testing requirements, medical standards, physical standards, and good moral character standards

36 conducted in accordance with such rule. The production of a record of successful passage of the 37 approved entry level law-enforcement examination shall indicate the applicant as qualified under 38 the law-enforcement training and certification standards within this state. An applicant who 39 satisfactorily completes the program and successfully passes the approved entry level law-40 enforcement examination shall, within 30 days of completion, make written application to the 41 subcommittee requesting certification as having met the minimum entry level law-enforcement 42 gualification and training program requirements. Upon determining that an applicant has met the 43 requirements for certification as set forth in this section, the subcommittee shall forward to the 44 applicant documentation of certification. An applicant who fails to complete the training program 45 to which he or she is first admitted, or was admitted upon reapplication, or who fails to pass the 46 approved entry level law-enforcement examination, may not be certified by the subcommittee: 47 And provided further, That an applicant who has completed the minimum training and examination 48 required by the subcommittee may be certified as a law-enforcement officer, notwithstanding the 49 applicant's failure to complete additional training hours required in the training program to which 50 he or she originally applied. If more than 24 months but less than 60 months have passed since 51 the applicant for certification has successfully completed the approved entry level law-52 enforcement examination, the person may be certified but must complete the additional training 53 set forth in legislative rules promulgated by the subcommittee addressing the recertification 54 requirements of certified officers. If more than 60 months have passed since the applicant for 55 certification has successfully completed the approved entry level law-enforcement examination, 56 the person must then attend a subcommittee-approved training program and successfully 57 complete a separate subcommittee entry level law-enforcement examination.

(c) Any person who begins employment on or after the effective date of this article as a
law-enforcement officer is certifiable as having met the minimum entry level law-enforcement
training program requirements and is exempt from attending a law-enforcement training academy
if the person has satisfactorily completed a course of instruction in law enforcement equivalent to

62 or exceeding the minimum applicable law-enforcement training curricula promulgated by the 63 subcommittee. To receive certification, the person shall make written application within 90 64 calendar days following the commencement of employment to the subcommittee requesting 65 certification. The application shall include a notarized statement of the applicant's satisfactory 66 completion of the course of instruction in law enforcement, a notarized transcript of the applicant's 67 relevant scholastic records, and a notarized copy of the curriculum of the completed course of 68 instruction. The subcommittee shall review the application and, if it finds the applicant has met 69 the requirements for certification, shall forward to the applicant documentation of certification. The 70 subcommittee may set the standards for required records to be provided by or on behalf of the 71 applicant officer to verify his or her training, status, or certification as a law-enforcement officer. 72 The subcommittee may allow an applicant officer to participate in the approved equivalent 73 certification program to gain certification as a law-enforcement officer in this state.

74 (d) Except as provided in subdivisions (1) through (3), inclusive, of this subsection, any 75 person who is employed as a law-enforcement officer on or after the effective date of this article 76 and fails to be certified shall be automatically terminated and no further emoluments shall be paid 77 to such officer by his or her employer. Any person terminated shall be entitled to reapply, as a 78 private citizen, to the subcommittee for training and certification, and upon being certified may 79 again be employed as a law-enforcement officer in this state: Provided. That if a person is 80 terminated under this subsection because an application was not timely filed to the academy, and 81 the person's employer failed to provide notice or disclosure to that person as set forth in 82 subsection (b) of this section, the employer shall pay the full cost of attending the academy if the 83 person's application to the subcommittee as a private citizen is subsequently approved.

(1) Any person who is employed as a law-enforcement officer on or after the effective date
of this article and fails to be certified as a result of hardship and/or circumstance beyond his or
her control may apply to the director of a training academy for reentry to the next available
academy.

(2) Any person who is employed as a law-enforcement officer on or after the effective date
of this article and fails to be certified as a result of voluntary separation from an academy program
shall be automatically terminated and no further emoluments may be paid to such officer by his
or her employer. Any person terminated as a result of voluntary separation from an academy
program may not be conditionally employed as a law-enforcement officer for a period of two years
from the date of voluntary separation.

94 (3) Any person who is employed as a law-enforcement officer on or after the effective date 95 of this article and fails to be certified as a result of dismissal from an academy program shall be 96 automatically terminated and no further emoluments may be paid to such officer by his or her 97 employer. Any person terminated as a result of dismissal from an academy program may not be 98 conditionally employed as a law-enforcement officer for a period of five years from the date of 99 dismissal and receiving approval from the subcommittee.

(e) Nothing in this article may be construed as prohibiting any governing body, Civil
 Service Commission or chief executive of any West Virginia law-enforcement agency from
 requiring their law-enforcement officers to meet qualifications and satisfactorily complete a course
 of law-enforcement instruction which exceeds the minimum entry level law-enforcement
 qualification and training curricula promulgated by the subcommittee.

(f) The subcommittee, or its designee, may decertify or reactivate a law-enforcement
 officer pursuant to the procedure contained in this article and legislative rules promulgated by the
 subcommittee.

(g) Any person aggrieved by a decision of the subcommittee made pursuant to this article
 may contest the decision in accordance with the provisions of §29A-5-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(h) The subcommittee may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the
production of necessary evidence or documents in any proceeding, review, or investigation
relating to certification or hearing before the subcommittee.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman, Senate Committee

Chairman, House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect 90 days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

Governor